L. R.

28 of 18

50 - 54 & 56.

(35)

28-91

*Previous references.*

Slo 35, 39, 41, 43, 45, 49 of this file

190.

File No. 8/9 of 1892-93

Serial Nos. 50-54456

(Rev. this. L R.)

*Later references.*

# GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

*Serial Nos.* 50-54456

**Part B. for**

---

SUBJECT.

Compensation for lands in the Kayamgutta Mathikere Village Bangalore Taluk taken up for the Bangalore-Hindupur Railway.

Concurrence

Indorsed HS

---

50. From the Dy comr Bangalore No. D. 991 dy the 9.4.96
Submits report in re compensation for lands taken up for Bangalore-Hindupur Ry in the Kayamgutta Mathikere village.

51. To the Dy comr Bangalore No. 9976 R.T. 89-92 dy the 16-5-96
Requests him to report how and under what circumstances the present claim of Kayamguttadar for Rs 62½ with interest has been entertained

52. From the Dy comr Bangalore No. D. 82 dy the 24.7.96
Submits the report called for

53. To the Dy comr Bangalore No. 2287 R.T. 89-92 dy the 28.8.96
Requests him to submit a further report with reference to certa observations on the case

54. From the Dy comr Bangalore No. D. 1011 dy the 5.6.97
Submits his further report

G. R. S. 58

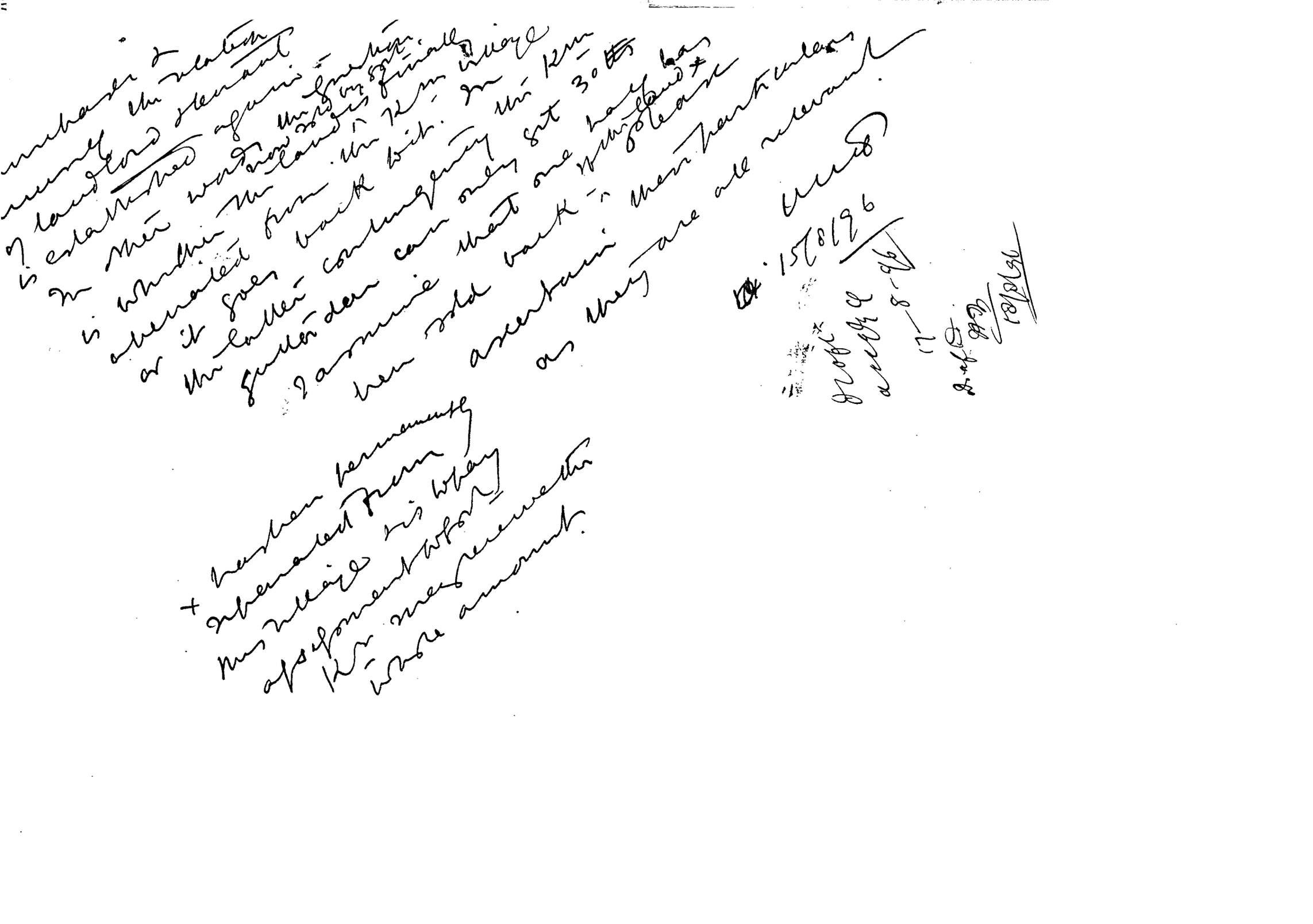
56. To the Dy comr Bangalore No. 11491-3 R.T. 89-92 dy the 29.6.97
the comptroller and the secy for Railways
Sanctions the payment of Rs 30 to Krishna Iyengar in addition to Rs 1375 already sanctioned in Pro. 6705-7/198 dy the 6.9.91 to be paid to Muddanna. Also interest to both on the said sums from the date of

is one of apportionment between the Kangra Sobhadar & the tenant. The principle of equal division is G. has been already recognised. 25% each is entitled to 62½. But the tenant has received 125 Rs. One half has to be refunded from him & paid to the K. Sobhadar - But half the land was sold & Govt realised 65 Rupees - & out of this it is proposed that Kang Sobhadar's half must be paid - I see no objection to do so. Govt has in the present case to do with the bargain & each will have half of it. Whether the tenant refunds half & retains half of the sold proceeds the result is the same But the K. Sobhadar has no reason to receive money from between the tenant & Govt.

For the refund of encroachment, the land was valued Rs 125. The land has not been restored to him & the reduction of Jama - Now Govt wants Kangra - yet a was not an adequate compensation - The Government now recommended may be sanctioned - G

7-8-96

Does the Kangra Sobhadar want the reduction of Kangra portion in addition to the compensation I understand the facts to be that Govt acquired a land for 125 Rs. The question now raised



~~CHIEF~~ SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

# REVENUE BRANCH.

## OFFICE NOTE.

SUBJECT.

In re the claim of the Kaiyenguttedar of Nattikere village in the Bangalore Taluk for compensation for certain lands taken up for the Bangalore-Huidupeer Railway.

LAST REFERENCE.

Letter No. 1911 dated 5th April 1897

from the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District.

With reference to the previous correspondence ending with Government Proceedings No 6705-7 dated the 6th September 1894, sanctioning the sum of Rs 8,636-3-9 on account of compensation for lands taken up for the Bangalore Huidupeer Railway with Bangalore Taluk, the Deputy Commissioner,

Serial No 4

a piece of land measuring 3 acres and 3 puttas in the occupancy of one Muddanna was taken up for the aforesaid Railway & a Compensation of Rs 137* fixed thereon (Rs 125 for land & Rs 12 for a well) and that a portion of the land not being required by the Railway department the same (1 acre & 25 puttas) was sold by Government for Rs 65 and the amount credited* to Government.

The amount of compensation thus fixed was claimed both by the occupant & the Kayemputtadar, both the former having bought the occupancy right for Rs 125 and sold it to Government for that sum, he did not consent to pay anything to the Kayemputtadar. The Kandayam on the portion sold by Government was payable to him by the purchaser,

* Case 29 of the State ment.

* No 6705. 7 of 6-9-91 / 198 (Serial no 4)

Serial no 43.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

~~and~~ and was lost to him
was only the Kandayam on
the portion occupied by
the Railway department.
This ~~was~~ total assessment of the land being ascertained to be
Rs 6-4-0. ~~Proposal made~~
~~therefore~~ the rent payable
for the land occupied by
the Railway department
amounted to Rs 2-15-2.
The Deputy Commissioner
thought the best and most
equitable way of settling
the claim was to deduct
Rs 2-15-2 from the Kayam
-gutta of the village, to
which the Kayamgutta dar
Consented.

2. After some Correspond
=ence as regards the remissi
of the gutta amount, the
Deputy Commissioner ~~was~~
requested early orders as
regards payment of Compen
-sation due to Muddanna

. Ken tells that the principle
adopted in the payment of
Compensation for other lands
taken up in the same Village
might be applied and
the amount of Compensation
already sanctioned be duly
disbursed to the parties
concerned.

Q 8992
(Serial no 59)

3. The Deputy Commissioner
stated that the Compen-
sation of Rs 137 (125+12)
as per statement submitted
with his letter no 416 dated
17th August 1891, was not
paid to Muddanna
on account of some
conflicting rights set up
by the Rayanguttedar
& he (Muddanna) therefore
claimed compensation for
loss of crop at Rs 100 a year
The Deputy Commissioner
however
suggested that interest

No 993 of 9.4.96
(Serial no 63)

Serial no 3.

might be paid to Muttusamy
on the amount (Rs 137) in lieu
awarded to him in lieu of in
his claim for loss of crops.
It was also stated that
the principle adopted in
the disbursement of Compen-
-sation to parties for other
lands taken up for the
railway could not be
applied to their case, as
the Kayenputtedar would
be entitled to get Rs
62½ being half of Rs
125 awarded for the
land, and that therefore
the amount due to the
Kayenputtedar might
be paid out of Rs 65
realized by the sale of
land not taken up for
railway purposes. In
bringing forward the
Kayenputtedar's claim

for [illegible] or ab any other reasonable rate that may be fixed by Government, the Deputy Commissioner stated that a separate reference would be made as regards remission of the proportionate part of amount after getting a reply from the Superintendent, Revenue Survey, who had been addressed on the subject.

4. The Deputy Commissioner was thereupon requested to report how and under what circumstances the claim of the Kaveripattedar for 62½ As was entertained, and how the sale proceeds of a portion of the land disposed of by Govern. -ment subsequent to its

No 9976 of 16-5-96.
D789. 92
(Serial no 64)

acquisition for Railway [illegible]

purposes could be given away as compensation in addition to the full value of the whole lands as originally fixed.

No 82 of 22.7.96. (Serial No 67)

5th. The Deputy Commissioner states that the sum of Rs 125 + 12 = 137 was the compensation awarded on the whole area of 3 acres and 3 poolas surrendered by Muddappa for the Shimoga railway † that as he had paid that sum for it, he declines to take half of the amount. Viz Rs 62½ awarded for the land. While the Karyam-puttedar seemed to have claimed even at the date of the late Mr. Shujait ali's letter No. 685 of 18th December 1893

† Serial No 43

a moiety of the aforesaid
price of the land in
satisfaction of his own
right as landlord, c
though in the absence
of any document to
support his plea, Mr.
Shujaat Ali opined that
the Kaqueqetteadar c
conceded to the reduction
of the proportionate
assessment from his
patta as sufficient
compensation for the
appropriation of his
land. The Deputy
Commissioner added
that the payment of 62½ Rs
to the Kaqueqetteadar
did not really contain
an addition of Rs
125 already fixed but formed
a portion thereof

- ment, while paying Rs 125 with one hand has realized with the other a profit of 65 Rs from the sale of a portion of the land which was not required by the railway department, & that therefore if the Government was pleased to recognize the Kayemquttedar's claim by paying Rs 62½ in addition, the net Cash to Government would be Rs 122-8-0 for the land.

5. The Government observed that the question raised was one of apportionment between the Kayemquttedar and his tenant of Rs 125, being the value of the land taken up for the Hindupur Railway;

No 2287 Dy 28-8-96.
R 789-92
(Serial No 69).

When the principle of equal
division having been
already recognized,
Each of these persons
was entitled to Rs 62½;
that as 1 acre and 25
cents had been sold
by Government for
Rs 65, it was proposed
to pay the Kayenpetteah's
half share out of this
amount on the ground
that in this particular
case the tenant who had
actually paid Rs 125
for the land in question
was unwilling to accept
half the amount paid
by him; but the Kayen-
-pettoah did not
appear to be entitled
to receive the amount
if, between the purchaser
of the undivided portion
& himself the relation of

land lord and tenant is

established appeal, in which
case he (the Kaveripattedar)
can only claim Rs 30.
leaving half the amount
actually paid by Govern-
ment for the portion
of land taken up for
railway purposes, the
other portion of the land
having been sold back;
& that if the latter portion
has been permanently
separated from the
Kaveripatta Village
& paid full assessment
to Government, the
Kaveripattedar might
claim payment of
Compensation in respect
of the whole land. The
Deputy Commissioner
was requested to submit
a further report on the

asked for the reduction of the quitta amount in addition to the compensation claimed herein.

6. In reply, the Deputy Commissioner states that the Kayempettodar has now given a statement to the effect that the relation of landlord and tenant existed between himself & the purchaser of the portion sold by Government, & that therefore he would be content with accepting Rs 30/- being half the price of the Eleven lakhs up, viz, 1 acre & 18 poles; & adds that as Government does nothing out of the Eleven sold

No 1011 of 5-4-97

In Kannada file with Vernacular papers.

made in the quittance
amount - The Deputy
Commissioner also invites
attention to the 6th para
of his letter no 852 dated
27th July 1896 regarding
the parties claim for
interest -

7.
(S 20 67)

Under section 34 of
the Land Requisition
Regulation VII of 1894,
Muddanna is entitled
to the interest claimed by
him at 6 per cent per
annum from date of
the Government order
(Serial no 4) sanctioning
compensation for other
lands taken up for
railway purposes, &
ordering the sum of Rs
65/ realized by the sale
of a portion of the
land in question being
credited to Government.
Both whether the

Kayemqueddar who gets
the assessment of the land
sold by Government
in addition to the compensation of Rs 30/-
is entitled to any interest
in a position requiring orders.

Submitted for orders.

3/6/97

3/6/97

Submitted.

The Kayemqueddar
agrees to take 30 Rs. I
think interest may be
paid both to him and
the ryot -

9/6/97

R.S.6/Pm.
9/6/97.

agreed

11/6/97

Mr. Reed
Copies
12/6/97

13/6/97

Mr. Reed
Copies

Rs
4/6

1876.

Serial 50

LR 28 — 91

Gl. No. 7896

Gen. Serial No. 50 APR. 96

DEWAN'S OFFICE 1895-96 8489

Mis. 1940

From The Dy Commissioner.
Bangalore District.

To (63)
The ~~Chief~~ Secretary to the Govt
~~Dewan~~ of Mysore.
Rev & Genl Departments.

Dated 9th April 1896.

Despatched 13th Do

Received

Enclosures No. Four files

General No.

D. No. 991.

In reply to Secy's No. 618 dated
Mis. F 89 & 92
to 1st July 1895.

SUBJECT.

Submits report in re Compensation for lands taken up for Bangalore Hindupur Railway in the Kayangutta Mattikere village, Bangalore Taluk.

Before preparing Award Collector should have Kayangutta Survey Map showing Railway Boundaries, Area taken up, Area left out, Area to be acquired by Govt. Area to be given up to Railway Co. Area to be acquired by Govt.

12/5/96

Files 14-4-96

Put up References—(to be entered only in the Dewan's Office).

11/5/96

Ordered by the Govt in Rev

Dept

21/4/96

Srlds write draft

DS to Secy

12/5

D. No. 991.

Encs 4 files

2

The Commissioner's Office,
Bangalore District,
Camp, Channapatna
Dated, 9th April 1896

To,

The Secretary to the
Govt. of Mysore,
Rev: & Gen! Depttts:,
Bangalore.

Sir,

® Rems. to Rec 2417/89-92 & 21 Encs

With reference to correspondence ending with the General Secretary's Docket No. 618 (62) Mis: T. 89 of 1892 dated 10th July 1895; in the matter of compensation payable to one Ganduci Muddanna for lands taken up for the Bangalore Shindapur Railway line from the Kayemguttu village of Mattikere, Bangalore Taluk, I have the honor to state that a compensation of Rs. 137- was settled and included in the statement submitted to Government with this Office No. 416 (3) dated 17th August 1891. On account of some conflicting rights set up by the Kayemguttudar, the amount of compensation was not paid to Muddanna as reported in this

3

Office Docket No. 685 - dated 18th December 1893. Meanwhile Muddanna presented petitions to Government urging loss of crops, and these petitions were referred to this Office for disposal or report with Chief Secretary's Docket No. 1012 (50) / R.T. 89.92 dated 16th July 1894 and General Secretary's No. 23630 (60) / G. No. 6108 + dated 17th June 1895.

2. Muddanna Claims compensation for loss of crop at Rs. 100 a year, on account of non-payment early of the amount of compensation of Rs. 137. settled as above. The whole of his land acquired for the Railway was not taken up by that Department, and his claim for the land not taken up but sold by ~~public~~ sale cannot be entertained. The 2nd General Assistant Commissioner Mr. Cappuswamy Naidu, who was then Amildar of the Taluk, suggests that a certain rate of interest may be paid to the petitioner, on the amount of compensation awarded, in lieu of his claim for loss of crops. The petitioner has executed a Muchilika

to the effect that he would accept the rate of six per cent or any other reasonable ~~rate~~ that may be fixed by Government. This rate, the 2nd General Assistant Commissioner finds reasonable as higher rate of interests are charged in Banks.

3. In the first para of the Sen! Secretary's docket No. 24217 (59) G.7.89.92 dated 21st June 1895, it is stated that the principle adopted in the disbursement of compensation to parties for other lands taken up in the same village may be applied in paying compensation in this case. The Muidar reports in his No. 183 dated 5th September 1895, that in other cases, the compensation awarded was divided equally between the Kayemguttadar and the tenant. At this rate, the Kayemguttadar is entitled to get Rs. 62½, being half of Rs. 125/- awarded for the land. The 2nd Sen! asst. Commissioner proposes that this amount may be paid out of Rs. 65/- realized by the sale

of land not taken up by the Railway as reported in this Office Docket No. 685 dated 18th December 1893. The Kayemgutt adar agrees to this settlement and further claims interest either at six per cent or at any other reasonable rate that may be fixed by Government.

4. As for the proportionate remission of Sutta amount on the extent of land taken up by the Railway Department, a separate reference will follow after getting a reply from the Superintendent of Revenue Survey, who has been again addressed today.

5. The papers connected with the case, are herewith submitted.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

M. Shamma Rao
for by Commissioner

Serial No 51

LR 28 Lg/

Dated 4/6 16/5/96

[redacted]

To The Dy. Commr
Bangalore Dist

No 9976 16/5/96.

D 16/9/96

D No 89-92-93-18

No Dated April 96.

His letter no 991 of the 9th Instant in regard to the payment of compensation due to one Kandudi Muddanna for lands taken up for the Bangalore Hindupur Railway line from the Kayamputta village of Mattekere in the Bangalore Taluq.

With reference to the Amildar's report no 183 of the 5th September 95, alluded to in the above, I have the honor to observe that the principle adopted in payment of compensation for other lands in the same village of Mattekere was that the amount was equally divided between the Kayamputtadar & the tenant. In the case under reference, the Dy Commr reports that the Kayamputtadar is entitled to a compensation of Rs 62½ in addition to a sum of Rs 125 payable to the occupant of the lands above referred to. In his letter no 685 dated 18th December 1893, he reports that the

X Rec 43 on the file

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

Kayamputtadar is not entitled
to any compensation ~~for the land~~ Gen. 31
but that he is entitled only to a proportionate
deduction of the rent from the
Kayamputta amount for the lands
taken up for the Railway, to which
arrangement
~~Concession~~ the puttadar is reputed
to have given his express consent. The
Dy Commr is therefore requested
to report at very early date and under
what circumstances the present
claim of Kayamputtar for Rs 62½ with interest has been entertained.
It is not clear how the Sale
proceeds of a portion of the land disposed of

From

To

Dated

Despatched

Received

General No.

No.

Enclosure No.

BO

by Govt subsequent
with acquisition
for Railway Mu-
roses can be
given away as
compensation in
addition to the
full value of
the Kotale land
as originally fixed

Secy

17/4/76

Serial 52
LR 28 – 96 Gen. 31

1896 Rev. 657
R 447/96

From The Dy Commissioner
Bangalore District.

To The Secretary to the Govt
of Mysore
Rev & Genl Departments.

Dated 22nd July 1896
Despatched 24th do
Received

General No.
D No. 82.

Enclosure No. 4 files

In reply to Secy's No. 9976
R.F 89-92
dated 16th May 1896.

Submits report as to how and under what circumstances the present claim of the Kayangattadar of Muttukere Bangalore Taluk for Rs 62½ with interest has been entertained.

Petition Branch
24.7.96

The R.C. quoted belongs to the Rev. Branch. This may be transferred to that Branch.
28/7 To Revenue 30/7

Refer
2nd
30/7/96

Refer Petition
1/8.

Submitted for orders –
Please see serial No: 64 & Secy's order on serial No. 63. The draft letter prepared is pending appl. Subject to Secy
1/8/96 1/8/96

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

Dy Commissioners Office
Bangalore District.

D No. 82
Encs 4 files

Dated 22nd July 1896.

To

The Secretary to the Government
of Mysore.
Rev and Genl Departments.

Sir,

In reply to your docket No 9976 89-92 dated 16th May 1896, regarding the compensation due to Muddappa for land taken up in the Kayamguttu village of Mattikere, Bangalore Taluk, I have the honor to state that the sum of Rs 125- plus Rs 12/= 137 was the compensation awarded on the whole area of 3 A - 3 G. surrendered by that individual for the Hindupur Railway. He had paid that sum for it, and had consented to take it as compensation.

2 But Muddappa was only a tenant of the Kayamguttadar, and could only sell his right of occupancy. The Kayamguttadar seemed to have claimed even at the date of the late Mr Shujait

Ali's letter No. 685 dated 18th December 1893 a moiety of the aforesaid price of the land, in satisfaction of his own right as landlord, as per para 2 thereof. But Mr. Shujaet Ali opined in the concluding portion of his above letter that the Kayamguttadar consents to the reduction of the proportionate assessment from his Gutta, as sufficient compensation for the appropriation of his land. I dont however find any voucher in support of this assertion in the record of the case.

3. The principle on which Settlement was made of the claims of the ryots whose lands in the same village were taken up for this Railway was that ½ the money was paid to the Kayamguttadar and the other half to the tenants. This rule was agreed to by the parties concerned and has been acted upon.

4. Muddappa did not however agree to this equal division, because

forsooth he had paid Rs [illegible]
for the land in question. But
in Government docket No 24-217
G.F. 89-92
dated 21st June 1895, it was directed
that the foregoing principle of
settlement should be extended to his
case also. Hence the equity of the
arrangement may be accepted as
having been upheld by Government.

5. The payment of 62½ Rs to
the Kayangattadar is not really
tantamount to an addition to the Rs 125/.
aforesaid. While paying Rs 125/. with
one hand, Government has realized
in the other a profit of Rs 65/. from
the sale of a portion of the same
land, which was not required by
the Railway Company. Government
has only therefore to pay (125 – 65
=) 60 Rs, plus 12 Rs for a well. If
the Government is pleased to recognize
the Kayangattadar's claim by paying
Rs 62-8— in addition, the net
cost to Government will only
amount to Rs 122-8— for the land.

6. Interest is claimed by both

parties on account of the delay
in the payment of compensation.

7. The original records are resubmitted

I have the honor to be
Sir
Your Most Obedient Servant.

Dy Commissioner.

~~R.H. 89 of 92-93~~
Serial 53
LR 28 — Pl-Draft as records

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

To.

The Dy Commr—
Bangalore Distt.

Dated. 28.8.96
No. 2287 in 4 files
~~R.H. 89-92~~

The Dy Commr's letter No-82 dated 22d July 1896 Submitting a further report in connection with the claim of the Kayemgutta-dar of Mattikere village, Bangalore Taluk, for a moiety of the compensation paid for $3\frac{A}{3}-\frac{G}{3}$ of land in the Kayemgutta village, which was acquired from his tenant Gandoodillud-danna for the Bangalore Hindupur Railway

In returning the vernacular files received with the above, has the honor

to observe that the question now raised is one of apportionment between the Kayenguttadar and his tenant, of the value of the land taken up for the Railway. The principle of equal division having been already recognized, each of these persons is entitled to Rs. 62½. As, however, A. G. 1–25 have been sold by Govt. for Rs. 65, it is proposed to pay the Kayenguttadar's half Share out of this amount, ~~There seems to be no objection to this proposal, as Govt have in effect spent about Rs. 60/- in the bargain~~; but the Kayenguttadar does not appear

Rs 125/- being

Hundipur

on the ground that in this particular case, the tenant who had actually paid Rs 125/- for the land in question is unwilling to accept half the amount paid by him.

to be entitled to receive the amount ~~whole of the Rs.~~, if, between the ~~present~~ purchasers of the ~~unoccupied~~ portion himself, the relation of land-lord and tenant is established again, ~~and~~ in which case, he (the Kayemguttadar) can only get Rs. 30 being half the amount actually paid by Govt. for the portion of land taken up for Railway purposes, the other portion ~~half~~ of the land having been sold back - ~~Bank~~ of however the ~~land~~ has been permanently separated from the other portion Kayemguttadar's village and is to pay full assessment to Govt., the Kayemguttadar may elect to receive the amount claimed ~~by him~~ as compensation in respect of the whole land -

2. The Dy Commr is requested to submit a further report with reference to the foregoing observations stating also whether the Kayemguttadar

16 asks for the reduction of the Zootta amount in addition to the compensation claimed by him. ~~and whether or not the Consul agrees to his being paid only one-half of Rs. 125/-.~~

"By Order"

28-8-96

Secretary

26/8/96 26/8/96

Serial 5

LR 28—91

1896—Rev. 4724

From The Dy Commissioner
Bangalore District

To The Secretary to the Govt
of Mysore.
Genl & Rev Departments.
Bangalore.

Dated 5th April 1897.

Despatched 8th —Do—

Received

General No.

D No. 1011.

Enclosure No. 14 files

His docket No. 2287 dated R.F. 89-92
28th August last regarding the claim of the Kayemgutta-dar of Mattikere village, Bangalore Taluk for compensation for certain lands taken up for the Bangalore Hindupur Railway line.

In reply, has the honor to state that the Kayemgutta-dar has now given a statement stating that the relation of land-lord and tenant existed between himself and the purchaser of the portion sold by Government and that therefore he would be content with accepting Rs. 30/- being half the price of the extent taken up, viz. 1 acre and 18 guntas. As the Government

gets nothing out of the exc-
-ent sold, no reduction need
be made in the Gutta
amount. The statement
given by the Kayamgattadar
is enclosed.

2. The original records
are resubmitted.

3. Consideration is in-
-vited to the 6th para of this
Office letter No. 82 (67) dated 21st
July last regarding the parties'
claims for interest.

W Macadam
Dy Commissioner

LR 28-9/1

Read.

Government Pro: No 6705. 7 dated the 6th September 1891, sanctioning the sum of Rs 8,636. 3. 9 on account of compensation for lands taken up for the Bangalore. Kolar Railway, and the subsequent correspondence ending with the Bangalore Deputy Commissioner's No 1011 of 5th April 1897, in regard to the payment of compensation claims by Krishna Iyengar, the Karyamputtadar and his tenants Muddanna for the land & well (in the Madivere Village) taken up for the ~~Bangalore~~

—cc—

Order thereon. No 11491-3 / R-7-89-92 dd 29/6/97

Under the circum-
stances represented in
the correspondence read
above, Government are
pleased to sanction the
payment of Rs 30/- to
Mrs Lia Jayasuriya, the
Kapuwatte dewar of
Maddekara village
in addition to the sum
of Rs 137/- (125 Rs for land
& 12 Rs for well) already
sanctioned in the Govt
Pro: read above, as
compensation to be
paid to Muddanah.
Interest at the rate of
6 per Cent per annum
on the said amounts,

by Surv. & Lands.

Subject for appl
29/6/97

½ Rs 30 & Rs 15/ from the
date of the aforesaid
proceedings is also
sanctioned to be paid to
Krishna Iyengar and
Muthannah, the charges
being debited to the
Capital account of the
Bangalore-Guindy
Railway. ~~Capital account~~
~~and the same being~~
~~also reported for the~~
~~information of Govt.~~

15/6/97 V
17/6/97 17/6/97
20. The Dy: Commr,
Bangalore Ch. with
Ver: papers.

26/6/97
Secy

The Secy to the Govt
for Railways.

The Comptroller
the Govt.